

## Grenzwerte, Lösungen

Bei Fehlern in den Lösungen bitte bei mir melden (nbruhi@ethz.ch).

1.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x^4 + 2x^2 - 1}{7x^5 + 4x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{x^5}(3x^4 + 2x^2 - 1)}{\frac{1}{x^5}(7x^5 + 4x)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3\frac{1}{x} + 2\frac{1}{x^3} - \frac{1}{x^5}}{7 + 4\frac{1}{x^4}} = \frac{0}{7} = 0$
2.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} e^x \frac{x+7}{x^2+1} = e^3 \frac{3+7}{3^2+1} = e^3 \frac{10}{10} = e^3$
3.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(x)}{x} \stackrel{\text{l'Hopital}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos(x)}{1} = 1$
4.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(3x)}{\sin(4x)} \stackrel{\text{l'Hopital}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3\cos(3x)}{4\cos(4x)} = \frac{3}{4}$
5.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x^2 + x} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x+1) - 1}{x^2 + x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x}{x^2 + x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{x+1} = 1$
6.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt{x}-1}{x-1} \stackrel{\text{l'Hopital}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}}{1} = \frac{1}{2}$
7.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{x}}{e^{\sqrt{x}}} \stackrel{\text{l'Hopital}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}}{\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}e^{\sqrt{x}}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{e^{\sqrt{x}}} = 0$
8.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x^2 \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) = 0$

Denn  $\sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \in [-1, 1]$ . Es folgt also

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x^2 \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \leq \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x^2 = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x^2 \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \geq \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} -x^2 = 0$$

Entsprechend muss der Grenzwert also 0 sein.

9.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan(x)}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\cos^2(x)}}{1} = 1$
10.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos(x)}{2x}} = \sqrt{\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos(x)}{2x}} \stackrel{\text{l'Hopital}}{=} \sqrt{\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(x)}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{0}{2}} = 0$
11.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x e^{-\sqrt{x}} \stackrel{\text{l'Hopital}}{=} \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}e^{\sqrt{x}}} = 2 \frac{\sqrt{x}}{e^{\sqrt{x}}} \stackrel{\text{l'Hopital}}{=} 2 \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}}{\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}e^{\sqrt{x}}} = 2 \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{e^{\sqrt{x}}} = 0$
12.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{7^x - \cos(x)}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{\log(7)x} - \cos(x)}{x} \stackrel{\text{l'Hopital}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (\log(7)e^{\log(7)x} + \sin(x)) = \log(7)$
13.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x^{\frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} e^{\log(x)\frac{1}{x}} = \exp\left(\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log(x)}{x}\right) \stackrel{\text{l'Hopital}}{=} \exp\left(\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{x}\right) = \exp(0) = 1$
14.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left( \sqrt{x^2 + x} - x \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left( \sqrt{x^2 + x} - x \right) \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + x} + x}{\sqrt{x^2 + x} + x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(x^2 + x) - x^2}{\sqrt{x^2 + x} + x}$ 
$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x}{x\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x}} + 1\right)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x}} + 1} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$15. \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (x^{\sin(x)}) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} e^{\log(x) \sin(x)} = \exp\left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (\log(x) \sin(x))\right) = \exp\left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\log(x)}{\frac{1}{\sin(x)}}\right)\right)$$

$$\stackrel{\text{l'Hopital}}{=} \exp\left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{x}}{-\frac{\cos(x)}{\sin^2(x)}}\right)\right) = \exp\left(-\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin^2(x)}{x \cos(x)}\right)$$

$$= \exp\left(-\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(x)}{x} \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)}\right) = \exp(-1 \cdot 0) = 1$$

$$16. \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^x = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \exp\left(x \log\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)\right) = \exp\left(\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log(1 + \frac{1}{x})}{\frac{1}{x}}\right)$$

$$\stackrel{\text{l'Hopital}}{=} \exp\left(\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{1+\frac{1}{x}} \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{x^2}\right)}{-\frac{1}{x^2}}\right)\right) = \exp\left(\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{x}}\right)$$

$$= e$$

$$17. \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{x}}}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{e^{\frac{1}{x}}} \stackrel{\text{l'Hopital}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{-\frac{1}{x^2}}{-\frac{1}{x^2} e^{\frac{1}{x}}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{1}{e^{\frac{1}{x}}} = 0$$